

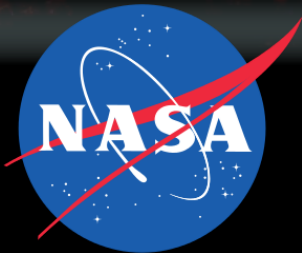
2018 UA/NASA Space Grant Symposium  
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# Flow Features of 3D Shock Wave Boundary-Layer Interactions

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## Acknowledgements:

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Adam Doehrmann<sup>4</sup>



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2. Associate Professor
3. Assistant Research Scientist
4. Graduate Student



- Shockwave and boundary layer interactions (SBLIs) occur on high speed vehicles
- Complexity added with sweep
- Influence of sweep and 3D effects are still not well understood in literature

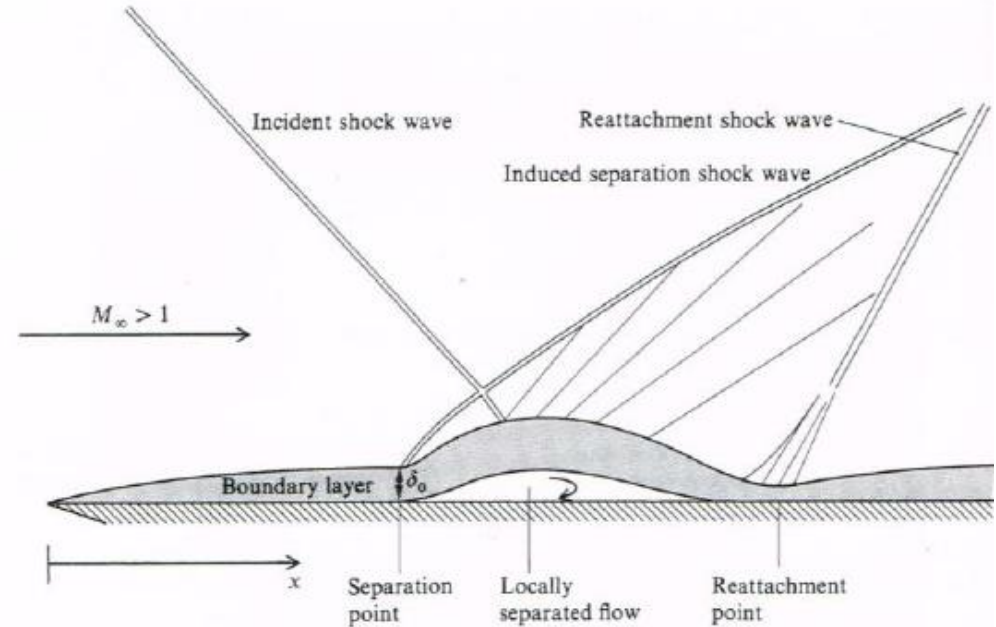


Image: Engineering Project Conference



Image: Boeing



Image: Lockheed Martin



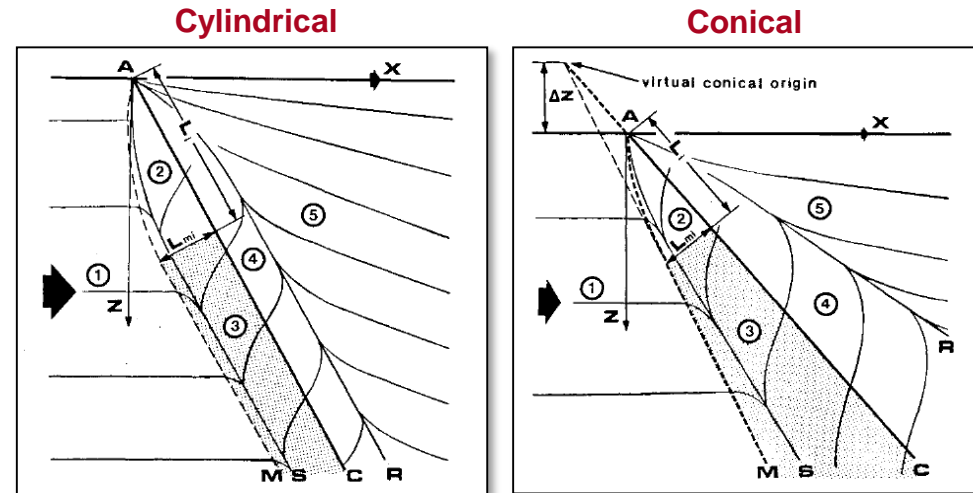
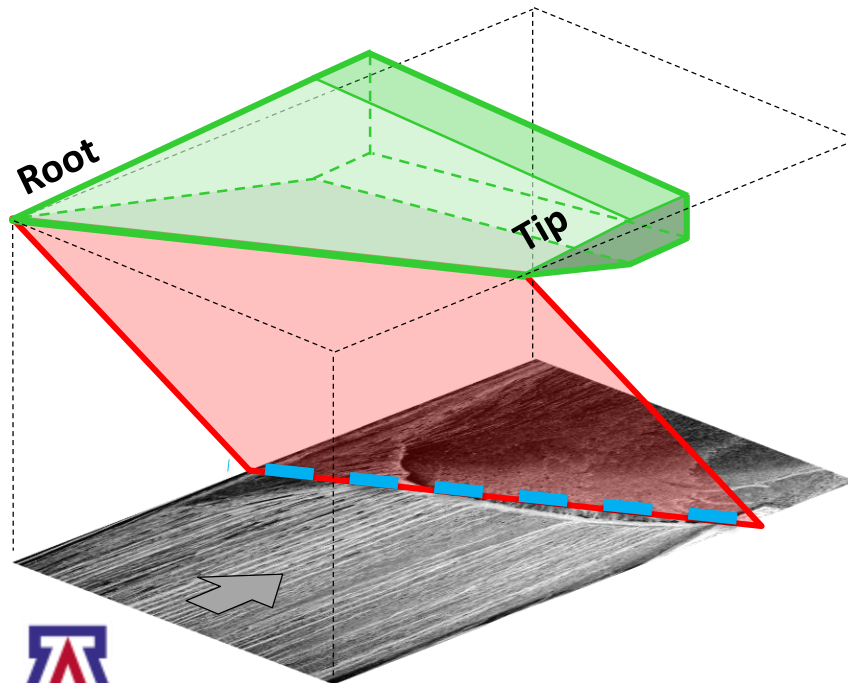
Image: NASA



# Objective

3

- Characterization of flow interaction between separation and reattachment at moderate Mach Numbers using two swept shock generators
- Comparison between theoretical and experimental sweep flow
- Oil flow visualization of interactions to characterize flow



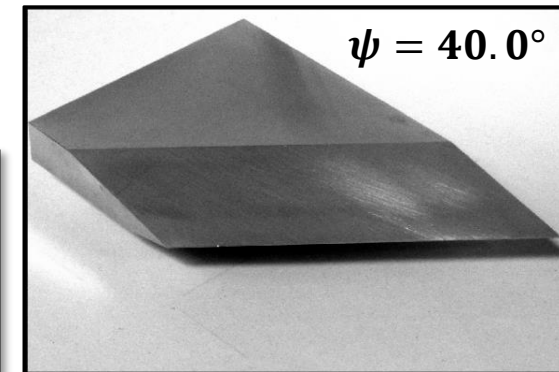
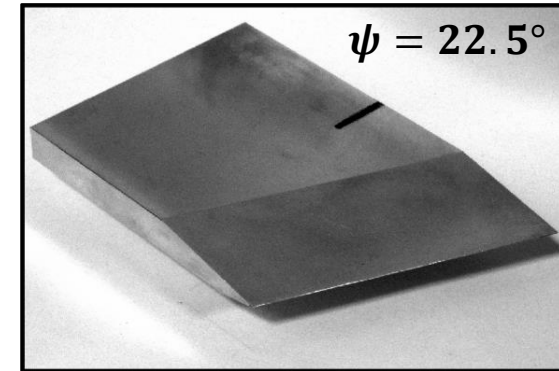
Settles and Teng (1984)



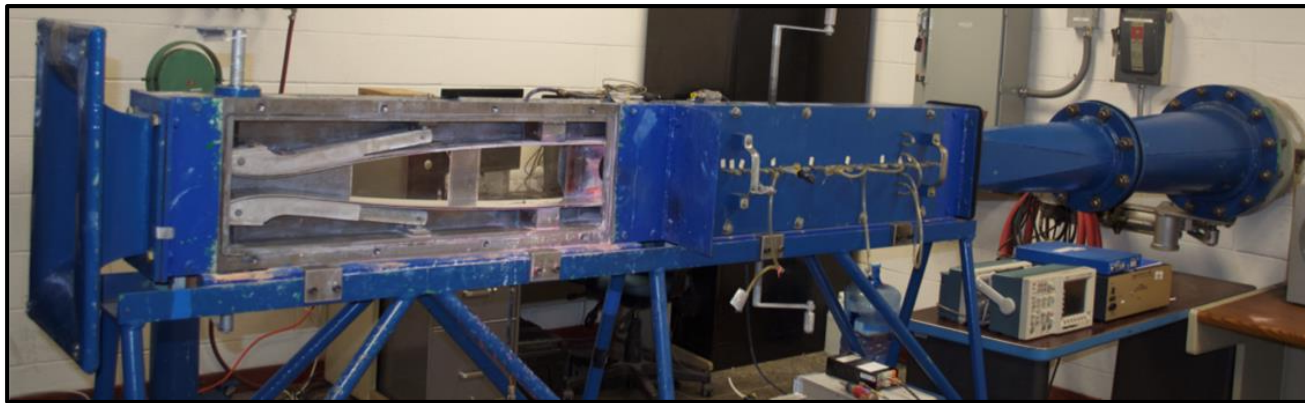


# Experimentation

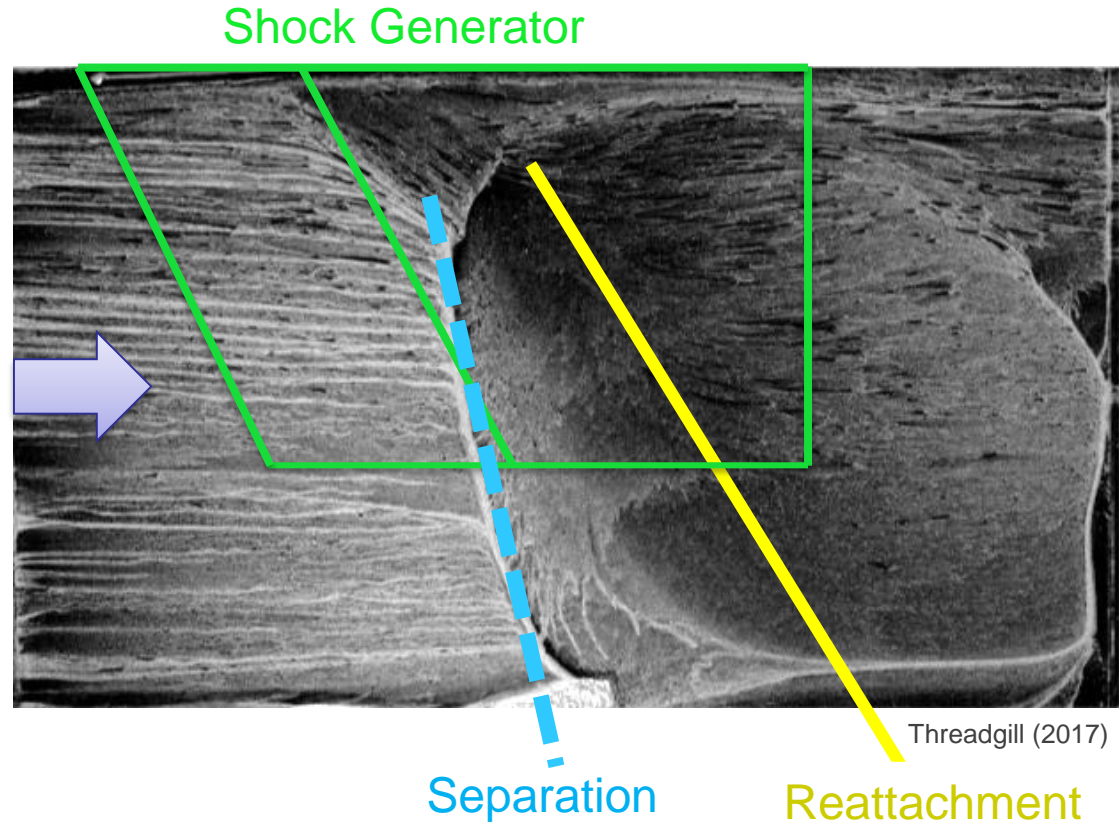
- Indraft Supersonic wind tunnel
- Adjustable throat for Mach 1.5 to 5
- Run times of approximately 20 seconds
- Two shock generators tested at Mach 3:
  - 22.5° sweep sharp fin wedge
  - 40° sweep sharp fin wedge



Threadgill (2017)

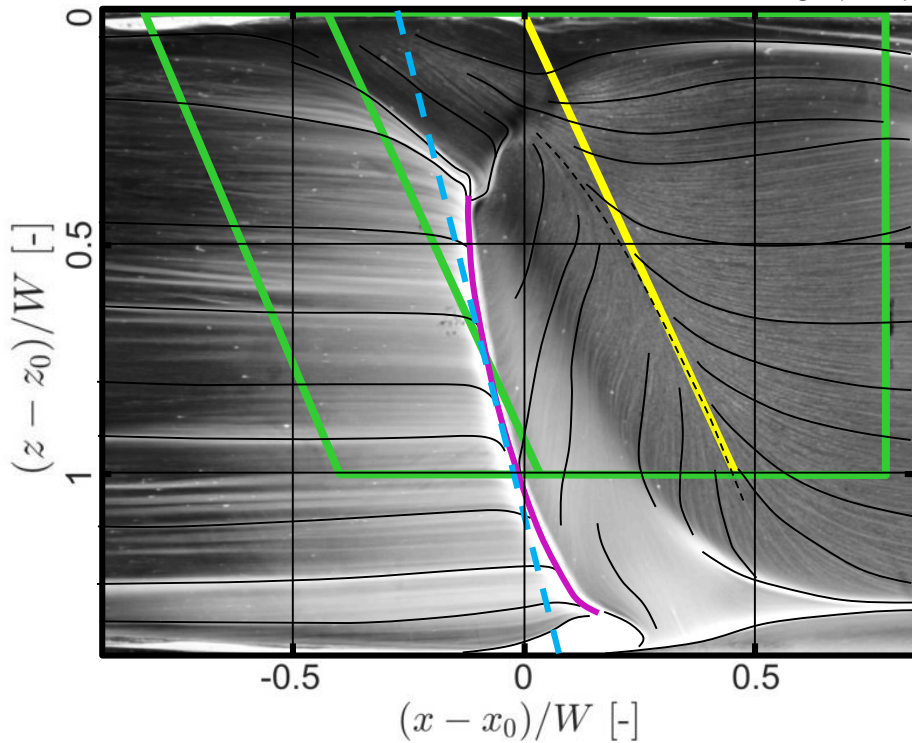


- UV oil is painted along the wind tunnel mirror
- Oil flow presents skin-friction stream lines, shock waves, and separation features
- Difficulty in creating an effective mixture
- SBLI region is between separation and reattachment lines



$M = 3.0, \psi = 22.5^\circ$

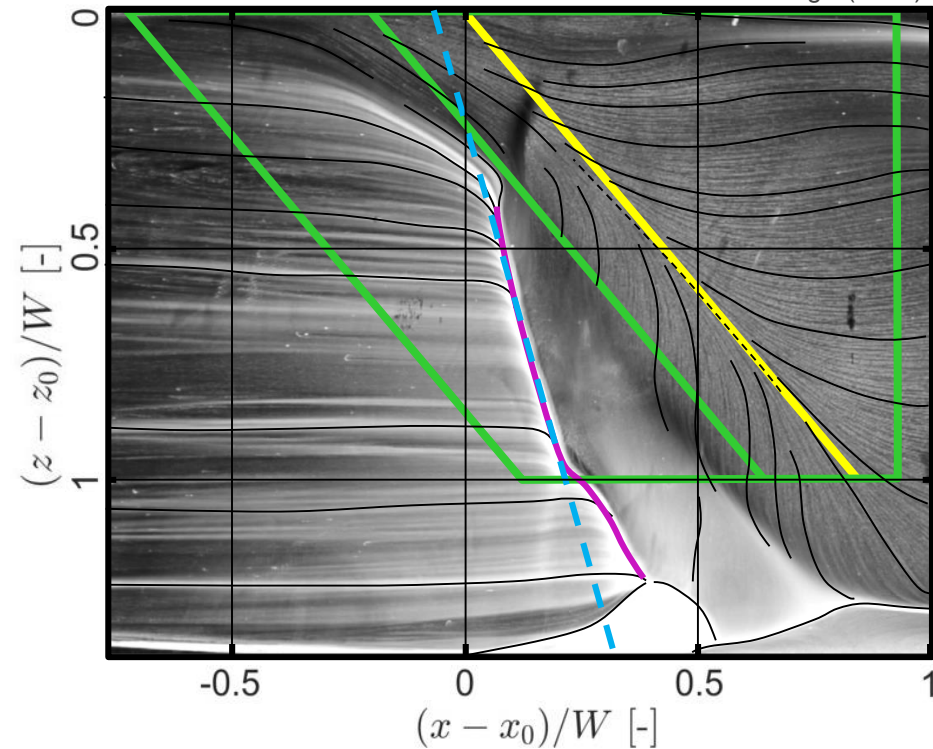
Threadgill (2017)



**Conical Similarity**

$M = 3.0, \psi = 40.0^\circ$

Threadgill (2017)

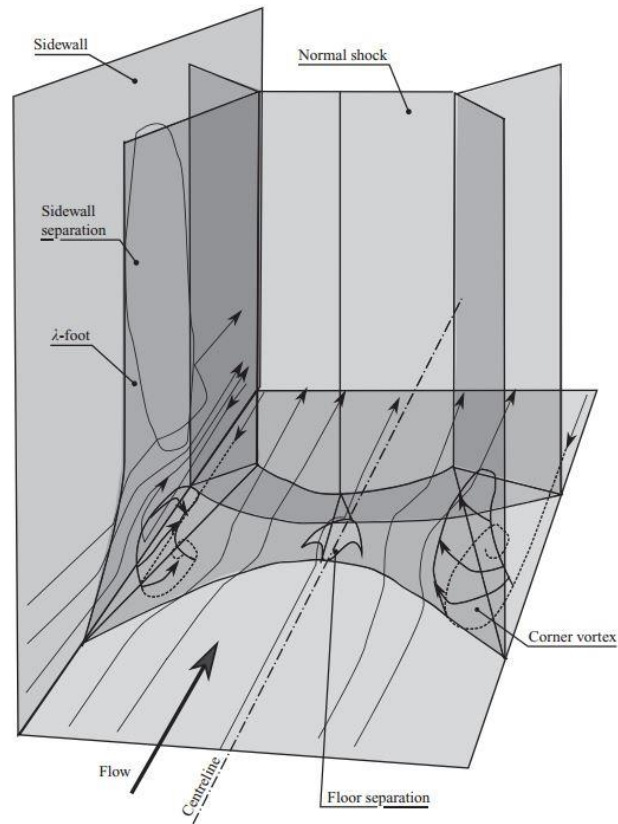


**Conical Similarity**

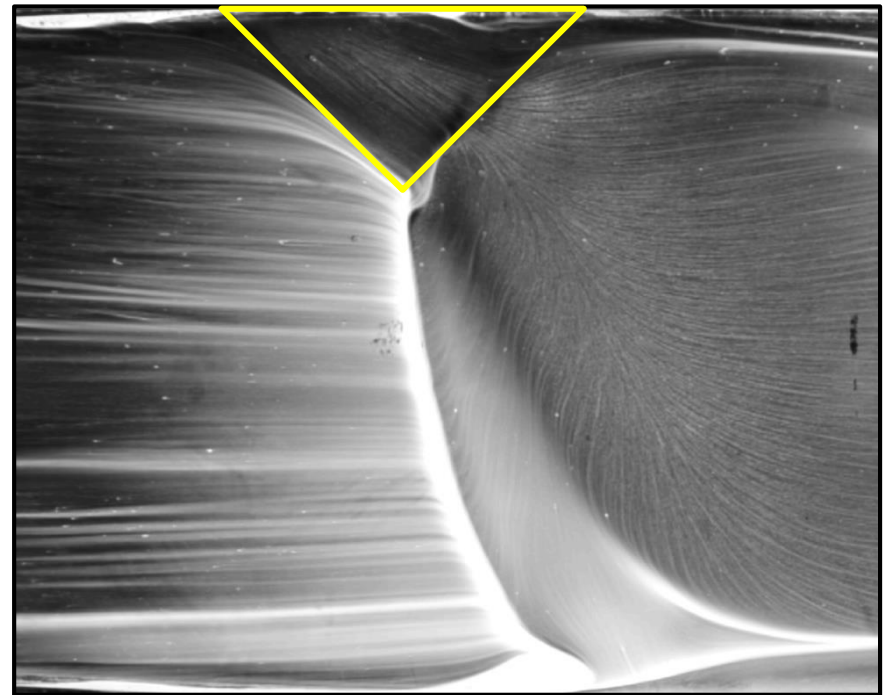
The theory states that at  $22.5^\circ$  sweep angle, the interaction should be cylindrical. The  $40^\circ$  sweep interaction is predicted as conical.



- Are conical results just a consequence of corner disturbances?
- The corners of the test section create corner vortices
- These vortices may be the cause of conical interactions in the  $22.5^\circ$  case



Bruce et. all (2011)

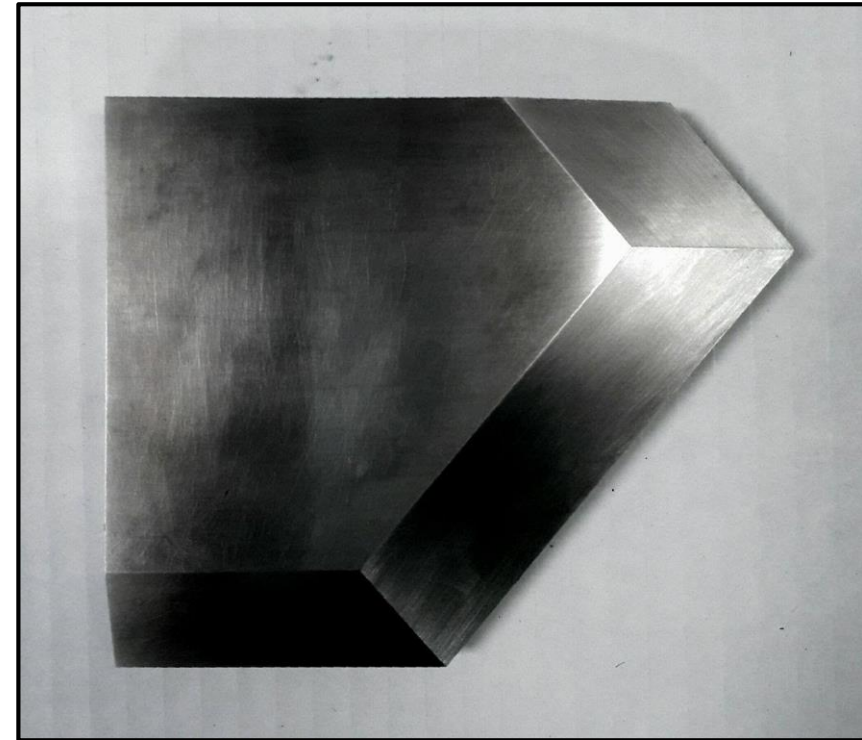


Threadgill (2017)

## Corner Separation



- Highly swept SBLIs confirm predicted conical similarities
- Conical separation at more moderate angles showed unpredicted level of conical flow
- Future work involves Chevron Cut wedge which is designed to avoid and reduce the strength of corner effects
- Wedge would create a virtual slip wall



**Chevron Cut Shock Generator**



- Bruce, P. J. K., Burton, D. M. F., Titchener, N. A. and Babinksy, H., "Corner Effect and Separation in Transonic Channel Flows," Fluid Mechanics Journal, Vol. 679, 2011, pp. 247-62.
- Settles, G. S. and Teng, H.-y., "Cylindrical and conical flow regimes of three-dimensional shock/boundary-layer interactions," AIAA Journal, Vol. 22, No. 2, 1984, pp. 194–200.
- Threadgill, James. "Three-Dimensional Flow Features of Swept Impinging SBLI." AIAA SciTech. Texas, Grapevine. Lecture.





# Thank You

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